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09/723,080 11/27/2000		11/27/2000	Ulrich Hetzer	P00,1839	4251	
26574	7590	12/16/2003		EXAMINER		
SCHIFF H			HAMILTON, LALITA M			
6600 SEARS TOWER 233 S WACKER DR				ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
CHICAGO,	IL 6060	06-6473		3624		

DATE MAILED: 12/16/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•		Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)	V						
		09/723	,080	HETZER ET AL.							
	Office Action Summary	Exami	ner	Art Unit							
			M Hamilton	3624							
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply										
THE N - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failui - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUI sions of time may be available under the provisio SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this corperiod for reply specified above is less than thirty period for reply is specified above, the maximum re to reply within the set or extended period for repely received by the Office later than three monthed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION.  ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In nonmunication.  (30) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply an ly will, by statute, cause the	event, however, may a reply be ti statutory minimum of thirty (30) da d will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror application to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered time n the mailing date of this o ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. ommunication.						
1)[	Responsive to communication(s) f	led on									
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is	non-final.								
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.										
Dispositi	on of Claims										
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-31 is/are pending in the	application.									
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.										
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.											
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are rejected.										
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.										
8)	Claim(s) are subject to rest	riction and/or electio	n requirement.								
Applicati	ion Papers										
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.											
10)[	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.										
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).										
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).										
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.											
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120											
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> <li>13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet.</li> <li>37 CFR 1.78.</li> <li>a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.</li> <li>14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.</li> </ul>											
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2) 🔲 Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449		4) Interview Summa 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:								

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## DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 16-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsushita (5,132,729) in view of Storch (5,367,148).

Matsushita discloses a security article and method comprising the steps of: generating a device identification number and uniquely allocating said device identification number to a device (col.4, lines 1-5 (first identifying information) and fig.1: 40); storing said device identification number and said reference code number range in said device (fig.1:40 and col.4, lines 1-10 (second identifying information)); aggregating a code number in said code number range with a replacement consumable (col.5, lines 25-35 and fig.1:40); recognizing a need to replace a depleted consumable in said device (col.5, lines 25-35 and fig.1:40); before substituting said replacement consumable for said depleted consumable in said device, authenticating said replacement consumable by entering said code number aggregated with said replacement consumable into said device and, in said device, obtaining an authentication result by checking whether said code number aggregated with said replacement consumable has said relationship to one of said reference code numbers in said reference code number range stored in said device and, if so, consuming said one of said reference code numbers in said device (col.5, lines 25-45); controlling said device dependent on said authentication result (col.5, lines 25-45);

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allowing substitution of said depleted consumable with said replacement consumable if said code number aggregated with said replacement consumable has said relationship to one of said reference code numbers in said reference code number range stored in said device (col.5, lines 25-45); disallowing operation of said device with said replacement consumable if said code number aggregated with said replacement consumable does not have said relationship to one of said reference code numbers in said reference code number range stored in said device (col.5, lines 25-45); allowing operation of said device in a modified manner with said replacement consumable if said code number aggregated with said replacement consumable does not have said relationship to one of said reference code numbers in said reference code number range stored in said device (col.5, lines 25-68); and monitoring consumption of said consumable in said device by indirectly measuring usage of said consumable, to determine when said consumable is depleted (col.5, lines 25-68). Matsushita does not disclose generating a code number range, containing a plurality of code numbers, and allocating said code number range to said device identification number; generating a reference code number range, containing a plurality of reference code numbers respectively having relationships to the respective code numbers in said code number range; or conducting step (b) at a manufacturer of said replacement consumable, and wherein step (e) comprises aggregating said code number in said code number range with said replacement consumable during manufacture of said replacement consumable. Storch teaches a counterfeit detection system comprising generating a code number range, containing a plurality of code numbers, and allocating said code number range to said device identification number (col.14, lines 15-50) and generating a reference code number range, containing a plurality of reference code numbers respectively having relationships to the

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respective code numbers in said code number range (col.14, lines 15-50). It is inherent that the code may be aggregated during manufacturing as a means of eliminating the cost of aggregating the code once the manufacturing process has been completed. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the steps of generating a code number range, containing a plurality of code numbers, and allocating said code number range to said device identification number and generating a reference code number range, containing a plurality of reference code numbers respectively having relationships to the respective code numbers in said code number range, as taught by Storch into the device and method disclosed by Matsushita, to add additional protection from infiltration by thieves numbers.

Claims 5-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsushita and Storch as applied to claim 1 above, and in further view of Brookner (WO/97/40480).

Matsushita disclose and Storch teaches the invention substantially as claimed and Matsushita further discloses an indication if and when all of said reference code numbers in said reference code range stored in said device have been consumed (col.5, lines 25-45); however, neither reference discloses nor teaches storing the allocation of the device identification number to said code number range in a data bank at a data center remote from said device; storing the code number aggregated with said replacement consumable in said data bank associated with said code number range and said device identification number allocated thereto; upon each recognition of a need to replace a depleted consumable in said device, and if said code number has not been entered into said device, establishing a communication between said device and

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said remote data center to inform said remote data center of said need to replace said depleted consumable, and monitoring usage of the consumable represented by said depleted consumable at said remote data center; accumulating data in said device related to usage of said depleted consumable and, after establishing communication between said device and said remote data center, transmitting said data from said device to said remote data center for use in said monitoring; upon receiving said indication at said remote data center, transmitting a new reference code number range from said remote data center to said device and reloading said new reference code number range into said device; or upon receipt of said indication at said remote data center, transmitting a new group of reference code numbers from said remote data center to said device and reloading said new group of reference code numbers into said device. Brookner teaches a system for providing early warning replacement comprising the steps of storing the allocation of the device identification number to said code number range in a data bank at a data center remote from said device; storing the code number aggregated with said replacement consumable in said data bank associated with said code number range and said device identification number allocated thereto; and upon each recognition of a need to replace a depleted consumable in said device, and if said code number has not been entered into said device, establishing a communication between said device and said remote data center to inform said remote data center of said need to replace said depleted consumable, and monitoring usage of the consumable represented by said depleted consumable at said remote data center (p.6, line 1 to p.7, line 28 (data center); accumulating data in said device related to usage of said depleted consumable and, after establishing communication between said device and said remote data center, transmitting said data from said device to said remote data center for use in said

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monitoring (p.6, line 1 to p.7, line 28 (data center)); and upon receipt of said indication at said remote data center, transmitting a new group of reference code numbers from said remote data center to said device and reloading said new group of reference code numbers into said device (p.7, lines 15-28). It is inherent that the data center may transmit a new reference code range, since it is able to transmit other data for the device. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the steps of storing the allocation of the device identification number to said code number range in a data bank at a data center remote from said device; storing the code number aggregated with said replacement consumable in said data bank associated with said code number range and said device identification number allocated thereto; and upon each recognition of a need to replace a depleted consumable in said device, and if said code number has not been entered into said device, establishing a communication between said device and said remote data center to inform said remote data center of said need to replace said depleted consumable, and monitoring usage of the consumable represented by said depleted consumable at said remote data center; accumulating data in said device related to usage of said depleted consumable and, after establishing communication between said device and said remote data center, transmitting said data from said device to said remote data center for use in said monitoring; and upon receipt of said indication at said remote data center, transmitting a new group of reference code numbers from said remote data center to said device and reloading said new group of reference code numbers into said device, as taught by Brookner into the device disclosed by Matsushita and taught by Storch, as an alternative means of storing and transmitting data to the device and to

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prevent additional cost from having to send the device back to have a new code number stored therein.

Claims 10, 22, and 26-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsushita, Storch, and Brookner as applied to claim 7 above and 18 below, and in further view of French (EP 0825564 A2).

Matsushita discloses and Storch and Brookner teach the invention substantially as claimed; however, none of the references disclose nor teach the method or steps of: upon receipt of said indication at said remote data center, producing a chip card having a new group of reference code numbers stored therein, physically transporting said chip card to said device, and inserting said chip card into a chip card reader at said device to load said new group of reference code numbers into said device; a printing device having an ink jet print head with an integrated ink tank containing ink, said ink comprising said consumable; the device is a postage meter machine having a printer which produces a plurality of franking imprints, thereby consuming said consumable, and wherein said microprocessor monitors a number of said franking imprints which occur between each replacement of said consumable, and wherein said microprocessor uses said number of franking imprints as a basis for producing said authentication result; said microprocessor generates a message for display on said display if said authentication result indicates an unauthorized replacement; said device has a chip card reader connected to said microprocessor, said chip card reader receiving a chip card therein, and wherein said microprocessor establishes a communication to a remote location, dependent on said authentication result, upon insertion of said chip card into said chip card reader; or said postage meter machine requires periodic credit reloading, and wherein said microprocessor

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establishes a communication to a remote location in conjunction with a credit reloading and reports said authentication result in said communication. French teaches a remote system inspection of a value dispensing mechanism comprising upon receipt of said indication at said remote data center, producing a chip card having a new group of reference code numbers stored therein, physically transporting said chip card to said device, and inserting said chip card into a chip card reader at said device to load said new group of reference code numbers into said device (col.3, lines 20-42 (removable chip that can be downloaded remotely or locally)); a printing device having an ink jet print head with an integrated ink tank containing ink, said ink comprising said consumable (col.3, lines 20-25 and fig.1: 5); the device is a postage meter machine having a printer which produces a plurality of franking imprints, thereby consuming said consumable, and wherein said microprocessor monitors a number of said franking imprints which occur between each replacement of said consumable, and wherein said microprocessor uses said number of franking imprints as a basis for producing said authentication result (col.3, lines 20-56); said microprocessor generates a message for display on said display if said authentication result indicates an unauthorized replacement (col.4, lines 5-15); said device has a chip card reader connected to said microprocessor, said chip card reader receiving a chip card therein, and wherein said microprocessor establishes a communication to a remote location, dependent on said authentication result, upon insertion of said chip card into said chip card reader (col.3, lines 20-42 (removable chip that can be downloaded remotely or locally)); and said postage meter machine requires periodic credit reloading, and wherein said microprocessor establishes a communication to a remote location in conjunction with a credit reloading and reports said authentication result in said communication (col.3, lines 30-58). It would have been

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obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the device and steps of upon receipt of said indication at said remote data center, producing a chip card having a new group of reference code numbers stored therein, physically transporting said chip card to said device, and inserting said chip card into a chip card reader at said device to load said new group of reference code numbers into said device; a printing device having an ink jet print head with an integrated ink tank containing ink, said ink comprising said consumable; the device is a postage meter machine having a printer which produces a plurality of franking imprints, thereby consuming said consumable, and wherein said microprocessor monitors a number of said franking imprints which occur between each replacement of said consumable, and wherein said microprocessor uses said number of franking imprints as a basis for producing said authentication result; said microprocessor generates a message for display on said display if said authentication result indicates an unauthorized replacement; said device has a chip card reader connected to said microprocessor, said chip card reader receiving a chip card therein, and wherein said microprocessor establishes a communication to a remote location, dependent on said authentication result, upon insertion of said chip card into said chip card reader; or said postage meter machine requires periodic credit reloading, and wherein said microprocessor establishes a communication to a remote location in conjunction with a credit reloading and reports said authentication result in said communication, as taught by French into the device and method disclosed by Matsushita and taught by Storch and Brookner, to allow for the chip card to be removed and uploaded with new code numbers to cut down on the replacing the device and to provide a postage meter machine that allows for credit reloading from a remote location to cut down on the cost of manual reloading.



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Claims 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsushita and Storch as applied to claim 1 above, and in further view of French.

Matsushita discloses and Storch teaches the invention substantially as claimed; however, neither reference discloses nor teaches the method of aggregating said code number with said replacement consumable by storing said code number in a chip card and physically associating said chip card with said replacement consumable; additionally storing in said chip card a plurality of quantities related to usage of said replacement consumable during operation of said device; entering said code number aggregated with said replacement consumable into said device via said user interface; permanently affixing said code number to said replacement consumable in a manner allowing said code number to be identified for entry into said device via said user interface; or affixing said code word to said replacement consumable dependent on a physical nature of said replacement consumable. French teaches a remote system inspection of a value dispensing mechanism comprising the steps of aggregating said code number with said replacement consumable by storing said code number in a chip card and physically associating said chip card with said replacement consumable col.3, lines 20-42 (removable chip that can be downloaded remotely or locally); additionally storing in said chip card a plurality of quantities related to usage of said replacement consumable during operation of said device col.3, lines 20-42 (removable chip that can be downloaded remotely or locally)); entering said code number aggregated with said replacement consumable into said device via said user interface (col.3, lines 20-40; col.4, lines 1-15; col.6, lines 25-58); permanently affixing said code number to said replacement consumable in a manner allowing said code number to be identified for entry into said device via said user interface (col.3, lines 20-40; col.4, lines 1-15; col.6, lines 25-58); and



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affixing said code word to said replacement consumable dependent on a physical nature of said replacement consumable (col.3, lines 20-40; col.4, lines 1-15; col.6, lines 25-58). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the method of aggregating said code number with said replacement consumable by storing said code number in a chip card and physically associating said chip card with said replacement consumable; additionally storing in said chip card a plurality of quantities related to usage of said replacement consumable during operation of said device; entering said code number aggregated with said replacement consumable into said device via said user interface; permanently affixing said code number to said replacement consumable in a manner allowing said code number to be identified for entry into said device via said user interface; and affixing said code word to said replacement consumable dependent on a physical nature of said replacement consumable, as taught by French into the device and method disclosed by Matsushita and taught by Storch, to allow for additional protection against would-be thieves in value dispensing devices.

Claims 18, 20, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsushita in view of Storch and Brookner.

Matsushita discloses a security article and method comprising at least one sensor for monitoring usage of a consumable in a device, said sensor emitting a sensor signal (col.5, lines 23-68 (determines when unit has come to end of life)); a microprocessor in said device supplied with said sensor signal and identifying a need for replacement of said consumable before actual replacement of said consumable is necessary (col.4, lines 1-15 and col.5, lines 25-68); a memory accessible by said microprocessor in which a reference code number range is stored (col.4, lines



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1-15 and col.5, lines 25-68); an input unit connected to said microprocessor, said microprocessor, upon generating said message, waiting for entry, via said input unit, of a code number and, upon entry of said code number via said input unit, said microprocessor producing an authentication result dependent on whether said code number has said relationship to one of said reference code numbers in said memory (col.5, lines 25-68); said microprocessor controlling operation of said device dependent on said authentication result (col.5, lines 25-68); and the device consumes a solid consumable (fig.1: 40 and col.3, lines 14-21). It is inherent that a sensor may physically interact with the consumable, since it is physically located within the consumable. Matsushita does not disclose a display connected to said microprocessor, said microprocessor generating a message on said display indicating said need for replacing said consumable or said reference code number range containing a plurality of reference code numbers respectively having relationships to code numbers representing an authorized replacement consumable. Storch teaches a counterfeit detection system comprising a reference code number range containing a plurality of reference code numbers respectively having relationships to code numbers representing an authorized replacement consumable (col.14, lines 15-50). Brookner teaches a system for providing early warning replacement comprising a display connected to said microprocessor, said microprocessor generating a message on said display indicating said need for replacing said consumable (p.7, line 29 to p.8, line 6 (display prints data to user)). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a plurality of reference codes, as taught by Storch into the device and method disclosed by Matsushita, to prevent would-be thieves accessing the system. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the

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invention was made to incorporate a display for generating a message indicating a need for replacing the consumable, as taught by Brookner into the device disclosed by Matsushita, to allow the user to be able to replace the consumable in an sufficient amount of time.

Claims 19, 21, and 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsushita, Storch, and Brookner as applied to claims 18 and 20 above, and in further view of Philips (WO 98/04414).

Matsushita discloses and Storch and Brookner teach the invention substantially as claimed; however, none of the references disclose nor teach a printing device having an inking ribbon in a cassette, as said consumable, and wherein said sensor comprises an encoder which interacts with said cassette; a printing device having an interchangeable ink tank cassette containing electrically conductive ink as said consumable, and wherein said sensor comprises electrical contacts interacting with said electrically-conductive ink to identify an amount of said electrically conductive ink in said ink tank cassette; a device which consumes a liquid as said consumable, said liquid being packaged in packaging material having an identifier thereon usable as said code number; or a device which consumes a non-solid aggregate state consumable. Philips teaches a printing device comprising having an inking ribbon in a cassette, as said consumable, and wherein said sensor comprises an encoder which interacts with said cassette p.3, lines 18-24 and fig.1: 6); a printing device having an interchangeable ink tank cassette containing electrically conductive ink as said consumable, and wherein said sensor comprises electrical contacts interacting with said electrically-conductive ink to identify an amount of said electrically conductive ink in said ink tank cassette (p.3, lines 30-33 and p.5, lines 1-15); a device which consumes a liquid as said consumable, said liquid being packaged in packaging

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material having an identifier thereon usable as said code number (p.4, line 23 to p.5, line 15); and a device which consumes a non-solid aggregate state consumable (p.4, line 23 to p.5, line 15). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a printing device having an inking ribbon in a cassette, as said consumable, and wherein said sensor comprises an encoder which interacts with said cassette; a printing device having an interchangeable ink tank cassette containing electrically conductive ink as said consumable, and wherein said sensor comprises electrical contacts interacting with said electrically-conductive ink to identify an amount of said electrically conductive ink in said ink tank cassette; a device which consumes a liquid as said consumable, said liquid being packaged in packaging material having an identifier thereon usable as said code number; and a device which consumes a non-solid aggregate state consumable, as taught by Philips into the device and method disclosed by Matsushita and taught by Storch and Brookner, to provide the device with a means of leaving a permanent coded imprint on a device.

## Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Yamamoto (5,786,828) teaches a detachable consumable.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lalita M Hamilton whose telephone number is (703) 306-5715. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Thursday (8:30-4:30).

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 746-6101.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-2272.

IMH

VINCENT MILLIN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600

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